

THE LIVING MOON

The Enigmas on the Moon

Hidden Building
Apollo 11
AS11-41-6156



Image Credit: NASA [Click for larger original image](#)

LUCKY BREAK

Every now and then we get lucky and the censors actually miss something...

The image above is another one the censors missed. Its easy to see why... at a glance this looks like nothing but craters and moon dust, though a lot of terrain looks like neat rectangular rows.

But upon closer inspection, there is one of the best anomalies I have seen tucked away neatly into a crater. This image came to me from an anonymous member from ATS in good standing with the Pegasus Research Group via email. Below the area of interest is circled. You can download the original high resolution image by clicking on the photo above.

The original full size image is available here at the [Apollo Lunar Surface Journal](#)

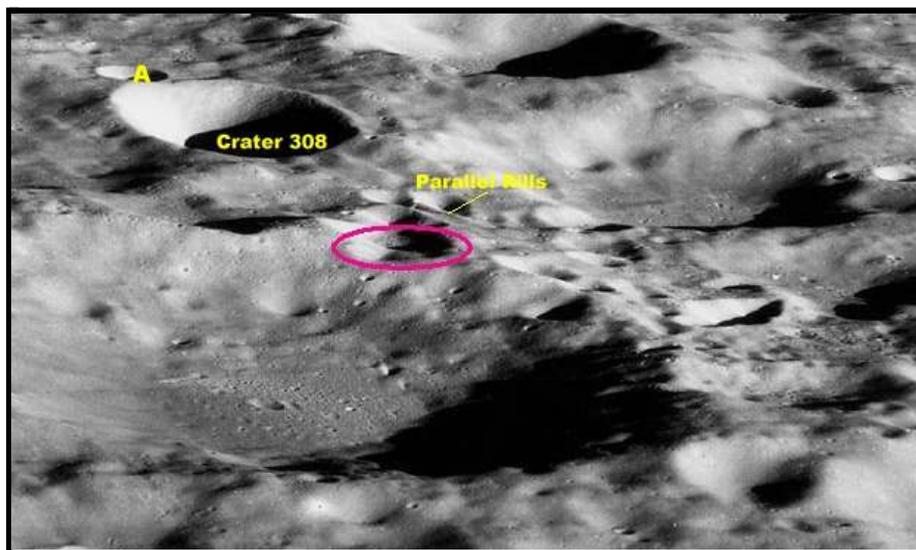


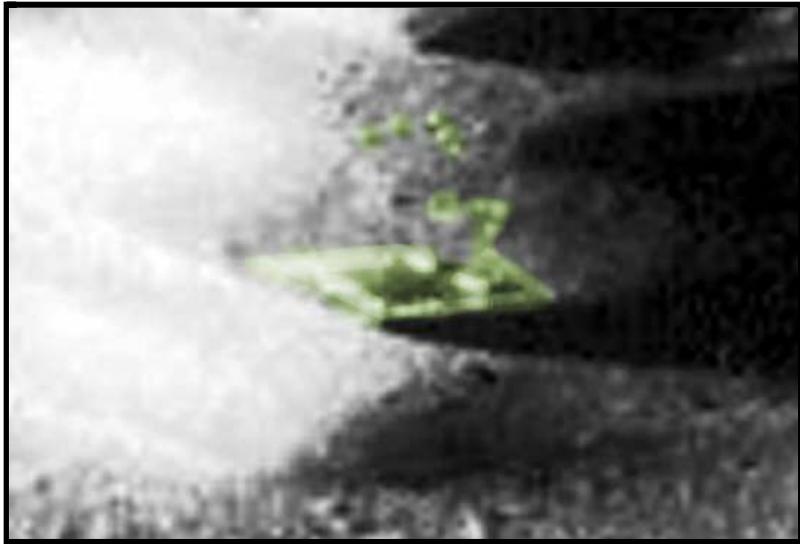
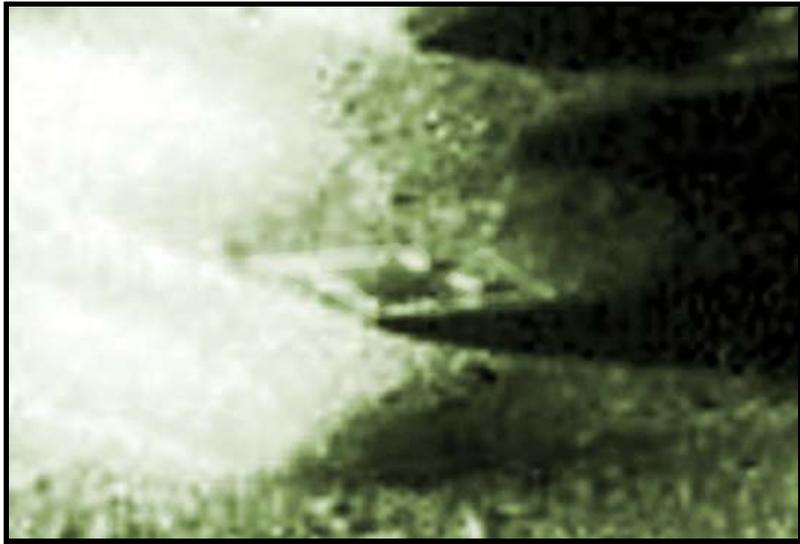
Image Credit: NASA Click for larger image

The only image description I found so far is:
"View of area west of Crater 308 from lunar orbit." - [Source](#)

Walled Compound

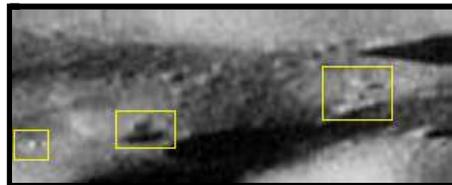
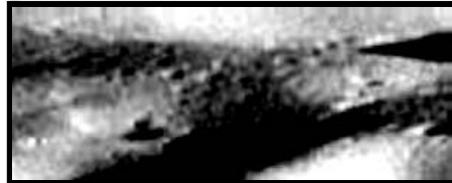


Comments:



Comments:

Anomaly 002



Comments

Anomaly first posted by The Borg on 17-3-2007 at 03:48 AM ([ATS post id: 3037525](#))

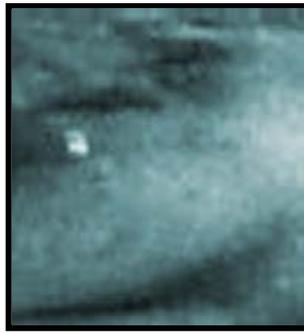
I'm beginning to seriously wonder what things might be going on on the Lunar surface. If we all remember, I was one of the staunchest protestors to this idea some 110 pages ago. Now, I'm not so sure...

After having seen the AS11-41-6156 image posted several pages before, I saved it to look at in more depth.

It was only about 5 minutes ago that I spotted something sticking out at me. Now, I don't know if this has been mentioned before or not, and I'm not going to go back and reread these 115 pages to find out, heh. If it has, then I apologize. This "thing", for lack of a better word, is sitting beside the big crater just left of center in the image referenced above. If you zoom in enough, you'll see what appears to be a squareish outcropping, with what appears to be a shadow being cast below it. Now, I'm not sure that this isn't just a "trick of light and shadow", to use the phrase coined by NASA back in '76. Now that by itself isn't usually enough to merit my bothering to notice it. What really got me interested was what appeared to be a straight post sticking up out of the center of it... Support beam of some kind perhaps?

I know this is just sheer speculation, as all the past pages have been, but there's mounting evidence to something amazing going on there, and when this hits mainstream media sources, it will be a great day for all of UFOlogy, as well as many historians worldwide.

Anomaly 003



Comments:

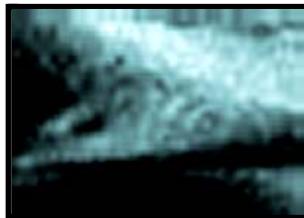
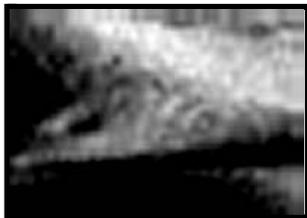
"Here along the left edge there appears to be a structure or giant vehicle." Found by Groingrinder, a member of ATS

Anomaly 004



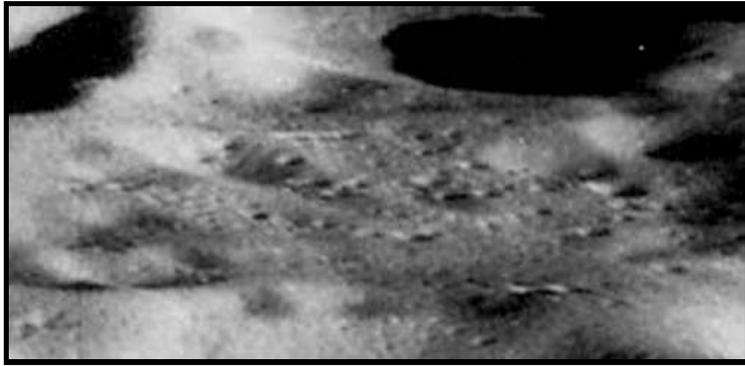
Comments:

Anomaly 005



Comments:

The City



Comments:

**Crater 308
Apollo 11
AS11-44-6611**



Image Credit: NASA [Click for larger original image](#)

The far side of the Moon is rough and filled with craters. By comparison, the near side of the Moon, the side we always see, is relatively smooth. Since the Moon is rotation locked to always point the same side toward Earth, humanity has only glimpsed the lunar farside recently -- last century. The light highlands of the far side are older than the dark Maria of the near side. A thinner crust on the near side that allowed for more dark lava

flows is thought to be the cause of differences between the two sides. The cause for the crust thickness differences is still being researched, however. The large impact basin pictured above is Crater 308. It spans about 30 kilometers and was photographed by crew of Apollo 11 as they circled the Moon in 1969. - [SOURCE: NASA](#)

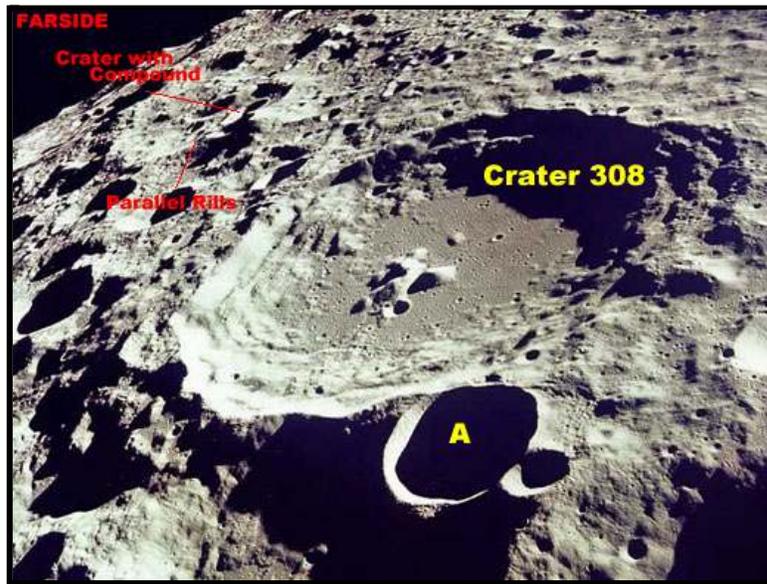


Image Credit: NASA

The previous NASA source gives 30 km diameter for the crater.

Another source says:

"IAU (lunar) Crater 308, 80 km in diameter, has slumped walls and a central peak ([NASA](#))"

A Third source says:

"The largest crater in the picture is Daedalus. Located near the center of the far side of the Moon, its diameter is about 93 kilometers (58 miles). This image was taken by Apollo 11 with Daedalus being Crater 308.

Primary source: <http://www.hq.nasa.gov/office/pao/History/alsj/a11/AS11-44-6609.jpg>"

So we have three NASA sources, with three drastically different measurements. If they have that much trouble getting a simple fact straight, makes you wonder what else they are wrong about.

Below is a close-up of the area surrounding the crater that should have the "Compound" in it. Though e cannot see into the crater, the surrounding area shows many rectangular anomalies and road like lines.

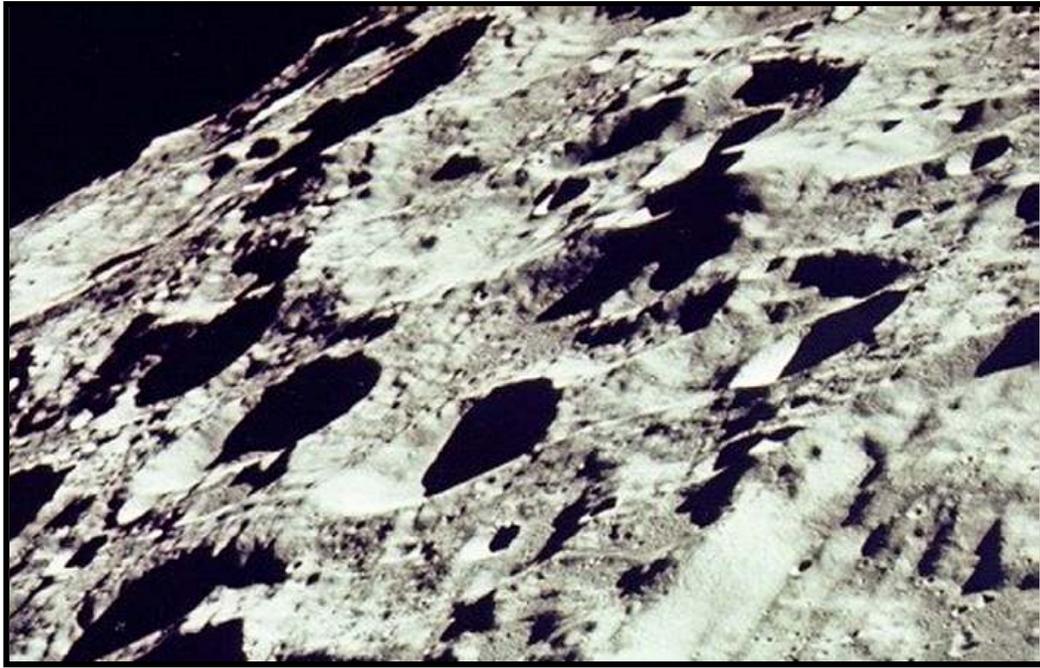


Image Credit: NASA

Crater 308 - Daedalus Crater
Apollo 11
AS11-44-6609



Image Credit: NASA

AS11-44-6609 has already been looked at on [THIS PAGE](#) before we realized it was the same area as AS11-41-6156

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[John Lear's Moon Pictures on ATS](#)

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